

Being Rationale



A Pinku and Dadaji
Series

Rationale is mature knowledge

Pinku: Good Morning Dadaji...How are you today.

Dadaji: Pinku Good Morning. I am good.

Pinku: Look at that Sunflower Dadaji why it always faces sun Dadaji? What is the rationale Dadaji?

Dadaji: Well! It's only the young flower which heads the track of the sun before they are fully bloom. Once the sunflower reaches maturity it then fixes into a single position and usually faces east rather than following the sun across the sky. The rationale is actually, the young flower follows light and heat due to growth hormones and hence follows sun.

Pinku: Oh! I see. But what exactly is rationale Dadaji?

Dadaji: Rationale is I would say an explanation or an underlying reason which makes sense.

Pinku: Can you explain in simple terms Dadaji?

Dadaji: Well! Look at the below sentences:

I love chocolates because...

I don't love chocolates because...

Rationale decreases
subjectivity

The three dots where you explain why or why not you love chocolate is called rationale or reason behind. E.g.

I love chocolates **because they are tasty.**

I don't love chocolates **because they stick to my mouth and teeth.**

Chocolates being tasty or chocolates being sticky are the rationales for loving or not loving chocolates. Hope this makes sense to you.

Pinku: Yes Dadaji very much. Tell me, why being rationale is so important?

Dadaji: From time to time people have wondered why rationale is important. Rationale is important for a variety of reasons. We will look at some of those fundamental reasons below:

- ⇒ Rationale increases intelligence, ability and determination.
- ⇒ Rationale motivates you to discover new things.



Building Rationale is a skill

- ⇒ Rationale develops creative side of people.
- ⇒ Rationale is fundamental in developing a good self-image.
- ⇒ Rationale explains why you have taken up a particular task. Meaning what is the reason behind doing a particular task/behavior.

Pinku: Behavior, what do you mean by this Dadaji? What is behavior to do with Rationale?

Dadaji: Let me explain with a story as given below:

A 24 year old boy seeing out from the train's window shouted...

"Dad, look the trees are going behind!"

Dad smiled and a young couple sitting nearby, looked at the 24 year olds childish behavior with pity, suddenly he again exclaimed...

"Dad, look the clouds are running with us!"

The couple couldn't resist and said to the old man...

"Why don't you take your son to a good doctor?"

The old man smiled and explained the

Most of the decision are based on the rationale

rationale behind his son's behavior he said..."I did and we are just coming from the hospital, my son was blind from birth, he just got his eyes today."

Pinku: Oh! That was a very good story Dadaji. So you mean to say every human behavior has a rationale attached to it.

Dadaji: Yes of course. The only thing that you should know is that behavior is seen however, rationale for that behavior needs to be found.

Pinku: In what fields rationale is used Dadaji?

Dadaji: In every field rationale is essential e.g. arts, science, literature, mathematics, sports or any general studies. Let me give few examples, while starting a project, one should identify the rationale for doing that project, while doing research, one should first understand the rationale for doing that research, even in your school when you are going for a field trip, you should know the rationale behind and learn accordingly.



Rationale helps improve intelligence

Pinku: Hmm... got it. What kind of rationale one usually should note before taking up any task?

Dadaji: Well! Each field of work will have its own method of writing. In general this is how you note a rationale:

- ⇒ A citation of why and what is the intended purpose
- ⇒ A brief summary of the work and its significance
- ⇒ The purposes of using the work and how it will be beneficial
- ⇒ Potential problems with the work and how these can be handled
- ⇒ Alternative works or what we in general call plan b.

Do you know Pinku, even a teacher should have written rationale for teaching.

Pinku: What! What do you mean Dadaji?

Dadaji: Teachers must also write rationales before they start teaching. Writing rationales will help improve teachers approach and methodology of teaching.

The reason is justified only if you are rationale

Pinku: But how Dadaji?

Dadaji: While writing rationales, teachers will understand the following:

- ⇒ What will be the questions that students may ask?
- ⇒ What should be my approach to teach this subject, whether normal classroom mode is sufficient or groups need to be created for a class or illustrating the concept with live examples or showing them props for better understanding etc...
- ⇒ How should I summarize this subject?
- ⇒ What should be the methods of assessment?

And the list goes on and on Pinku...It's a step wise technique used by teachers.

Pinku: Hmm... Are there different forms of rationales?



Rationale helps improve intelligence

Dadaji: Well! There are two types of rationales verbal i.e. explaining the rationale verbally and nonverbal meaning rationale which is in written format. Some people use a combination of verbal and nonverbal rationales to put their points.

Pinku: How do you develop your rationales?

Dadaji: While there are several ways to develop rationale I recommend a few:

Take a deep breath and think again: It is not always necessary that your first thought is always rationale. Wait a minute, take a deep breath and think again whether your rationale is precise.

Thinking without biases: When biases come into picture, usually your rationale thinking is rusted. Hence, avoid having any bias.

Avoid negative emotion: Negative emotion usually gets you to wrong direction. Hence, always try to have a positive attitude towards thinking.

Habituate Rationale thinking: Whatever you do try and find a rationale for doing it. The rationale thinking automatically gets

The rationale for any change is situation

embedded in your brain.

Pinku: In Nonverbal rationale, how many words should you usually write?

Dadaji: A fewer than 200 words maximum 300 words should make a rationale. The rationale should shed light on the thought process behind the task.

Pinku: Are you trying to explain me Dadaji that being rationale means being perfect in everything I do?

Dadaji: Well rationality does not mean being a perfectionist. It does not require you to spend enormous amounts of time evaluating every idea. It does not require you to learn everything there is to know, to become an expert at every topic. Rationality means acting according to reason. It means accepting only that which you have reason to believe. It means using logic to weed out any contradictions. It means to self-judge any decision.

Pinku: If I am not rationale what will happen?



Without a Rationale there is no discussion

Dadaji: I will give a nice example Pinku for your question. Can you do farming?

Pinku: Well! I have never done that but I think I can do it.

Dadaji: Without Rationale... Do you think it is possible? A farmer knows what seed to sow in what type of soil at what time, he knows when to plant, how to nurture and when to harvest it. Each of the steps a farmer does has a rationale behind it which he learns through his own and others experience. Anybody and everyone cannot instantly become a farmer Pinku. Farming is a collection of rationales and implementing the strategies on time. Rationale allows long-range planning and thinking and ability to conceptualize long-term cause and effect chains. Rationale is a tool for survival, but like all tools, it must be properly used. The mind can manipulate knowledge, but the right knowledge comes with having a rationale mind.

Pinku: Makes sense Dadaji I did not think that far. Let me know what the role of rationale is during discussions?

Dadaji: Discussion without rationale is like tea

Rationale Explains In Detail

without sugar. A discussion without rationale leads to chaos with each of the participant falling prey for his/her own belief and associated ego's.

Pinku: How do you arrive at a rationale Dadaji?

Dadaji: Rationale is usually arrived by asking questions. Type I questions are descriptive in nature typically start with 'What', 'When', 'Where', 'Whom' or 'How' and Type II question called explanatory (sometimes termed evaluative) rationale questions on the other hand usually start with 'Why'. Let me take an example:

I want to open a book store.

What purpose you want to open the book store?

Rationale: To sell knowledgeable books.

To whom will you sell the books to?

Rationale: To kids

When do you want to open the book store?



Rationale brings in best out of you

Rationale: During the summer holidays as kids look out for books during this period.

Where do you want to open the book store?

Rationale: Nearby to School residential areas where there are lots of kids.

How are you going to sell the books?

By first marketing in nearby apartments and then extend the reach through other marketing techniques such as advertising...

Similarly you can ask other questions to attain at a rationale especially questions with why. Such as “Why only Kids?” followed by rationale, Why near school why not in malls? Followed by rationale...

Pinku: Hmm... Nice rationale behind your explanation. I think it's time for me to go to school Dadaji see you in the evening.

Dadaji: Pinku Do your best at your school and do not forget to have a rationale for whatever you are going to do.

Pinku: Oh! Sure Dadaji.

Rationale is Limited
and Finite

Those who know do
Those who do not
know
can do it with
Rationale.

Thank You

